

Fever in Children

A Simple Guide for Parents

What Is a Fever?

A **fever** is a body temperature of **100.4°F (38°C) or higher**, checked with a digital thermometer.

- **Fever is not an illness.**
- It is the body's natural way of fighting infection.



Common Causes

- Viral infections (most common)
- Bacterial infections
- After vaccinations (temporary)
- Overheating or mild dehydration

! Teething may slightly raise temperature but rarely causes a true fever.

Is Fever Dangerous?

Most fevers are **not harmful**. What matters more than the number is how your child looks and behaves.

- ✓ Drinking fluids
- ✓ Alert and responsive
- ✓ Playing at times

These signs are usually **reassuring**—even with a fever.

⌚ **Remember:** Treat the child, not the thermometer.

How to Manage Fever at Home

1. Focus on Comfort

You do not need to treat every fever. Treat only if your child is uncomfortable.

2. Fever Medicines

You may give:

- Paracetamol (Tylenol)
- Ibuprofen (Motrin/Advil) – *only if over 6 months*

✓ Dose according to **weight**

✗ **Never give aspirin**

3. Give Fluids

Offer water, breast milk, formula, or oral rehydration fluids.

4. Dress Lightly

Avoid heavy clothing or blankets.

When to Seek Medical Help

⌚ Babies Under 3 Months

⌚ Any fever ($\geq 100.4^{\circ}\text{F} / 38^{\circ}\text{C}$) needs urgent medical review

Trust Your Instinct

If you feel something is not right, seek medical care.